**Terms to Know**

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| simony  pluralism  nepotism  absenteeism  sale of indulgences  clerical ignorance  Erasmus, *In Praise of Folly*  Martin Luther  Johann Tetzel  *95 Theses*  Johann Eck  “priesthood of all believers”  Diet of Worms  Confessions of Augsburg  Philip Melanchthon  Charles V  German Peasants War, *Twelve Articles*  League of Schmalkalden  Hapsburg-Valois Wars  Peace of Augsburg, 1555  Anabaptists  John of Leyden  Tragedy at Münster  Mennonites, Quakers, & Unitarians  Ulrich Zwingli, Zurich | Colloquy at Marburg  John Calvin  *Institutes of the Christian Religion*  predestination  “elect/visible saints”  Geneva  Consistory  Michael Servetus  Protestant work ethic  John Knox  Presbyterianism  Huguenots  Dutch Reformed Church  Puritans  English Reformation  William Tyndale  Henry VIII  *In Defense of the Seven Sacraments* Catherine of Aragon  Anne Boleyn  Thomas Wolsey  Thomas Cranmer  Church of England (Anglican Church)  Act of Supremacy  Pilgrimage of Grace  Statute of the Six Articles  Edward VI | Mary Tudor “Bloody Mary”  Marian Exiles  Elizabeth I  *politique*  Elizabethan Settlement  *Thirty-Nine Articles*  Mary Stuart, Queen of Scots  Katerina von Bora  Angela Merici, Ursuline order of Nuns  Teresa de Avila  Catholic (Counter) Reformation  Pope Paul III  Council of Trent  *Index of Prohibited Books*  Jesuits (Society of Jesus)  Ignatius Loyola  Spanish and Italian Inquisitions  Baroque Art  Bernini  Colonnade in piazza in front of St. Peter’s Basilica  Canopy over St. Peter’s Tomb  *Ecstasy of St. Teresa*  Caravaggio, tenebrism  Peter Paul Rubens |

**Essay Questions**

*Note: This sub-unit is a high probability area for the AP exam. In the past 10 years, 8 questions have come wholly or in part from the material in this chapter. Below are some questions that will help you study the topics that have appeared on previous exams.*

* 1. Analyze the causes of the Protestant Reformation
  2. Compare and contrast the doctrines and practices of Lutheranism and Calvinism with Catholic doctrines and practices.
  3. To what extent did Renaissance humanism result in the Reformation?
  4. Compare and contrast the English Reformation with Luther’s reformation in Germany.
  5. Analyze the impact of the Protestant Reformation on European politics and society in the 16th century. Be sure to consider Germany, England, France and the Netherlands.
  6. To what extent did the Catholic Church succeed in achieving its goals during the Counter Reformation?
  7. Analyze how Baroque art and architecture reflect the ideals of the Catholic Reformation